Reports and interim financial information for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

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Report of the Board of Directors for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

The Board of Directors of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. is pleased to submit its half yearly report of 2017 together with the interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017.

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The main highlights of the Group's financial results are summarized as follows:

- Gross Premium written decreased from AED 138.3 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2016 to AED 33.4 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2017.
- The underwriting loss is AED 43.99 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2017 as compared to AED 23.0 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2016.
- The net investment results for the period registered a loss of AED 38.6 million for the six months
 period ended 30 June 2017 against gain of AED 10.6 million for the six months period ended 30 June
 2016.
- The loss for the six months' period ended 30 June 2017 is AED 85.1 million against net loss of AED 26.5 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2016.
- The total assets of the Group were AED 719.7 million as at 30 June 2017 against AED 871.0 million as at 31 December 2016.
- The total capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders is AED 169.6 million as at 30 June 2017 against AED 260.9 million as at 31 December 2016.
- Note 3.3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements disclose that the Group is facing significant challenges in terms of meeting its operating and financing cash flows requirements in the foreseeable future, which indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast a significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as going concern. Note 3.3 also discloses mitigating measures planned by Management and Board, based on which, we believe the Group will overcome these challenges and continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared adopting the going concern basis of accounting.

Director

23 August 2017



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as at 30 June 2017 and the related condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows and other explanatory information for the six months period then ended (together, the "interim financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As discussed in Note 3, the Group's losses for the period amounted to AED 85.1 million, cash flows used in operating activities amounted to AED 45.6 million, and accumulated losses exceeded 50% of the share capital. Management was expecting to submit a detailed Corrective Plan to the Insurance Authority and to dispose investment assets amounting to AED 25 million by the end of June 2017. These actions have not been completed till date of the issuance of these financial statements, and a revised Management's plan with revised dates for disposal of assets and submission of Corrective Plan has been approved by Management. This situation indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The existence of the material uncertainty is fundamental for the understanding of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

We were not provided with documentation supporting management progress on the planned realisation of the assets to evaluate whether these realisations are practicable and realistic in amount. Accordingly, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence on the Group's ability to generate these cash flows to assess whether Management's plan is feasible in the circumstances.

Deloitte.

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Basis for qualified conclusion (continued)

As disclosed in Note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements:

- The Group's investment in Sanad Cooperative Insurance Company ("Sanad"), classified as investment at "fair value through profit or loss" is carried at AED 4.1 million as at 30 June 2017, and the Group's loss resulting from the change in fair value of Sanad shares of AED 40.4 million is included in the Group's statement of profit or loss for the six month period then ended. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the fair value of the Group's investment in Sanad as at 30 June 2017 and the Group's gain/loss resulting from the change in fair value for the period because the shares valuation is based on the 31 December 2016 financial statements of Sanad on which the external auditors expressed a disclaimer of opinion. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.
- The Group's investments classified at "available-for-sale" (AFS) include investments in unquoted equity securities carried at AED 43.64 million as at 30 June 2017, and the Group's loss resulting from the change in fair value of these investments of AED 6.2 million is included in the Group's statement of total comprehensive income for the six month period then ended. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the fair value of the Group's investments in these shares as at 30 June 2017 and the Group's gain/loss resulting from the change in fair value for the period because the shares valuations are based on the 31 December 2016 financial information of the investees as current information is absent. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

Qualified conclusion

Based on our review, except for possible effects of the matters described in the basis for qualified conclusion paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, which discloses that the Group's investment properties include two plots of land with a carrying value of AED 87.3 million for which the master developer did not transfer the titles to the name of the Company, pending the settlement of the last instalments which are linked to the completion of the development works. Our qualified conclusion is not further modified in respect of this matter.

Deloitte & Touche (M.E.)

Georges F. Najem Registration No. 809 23 August 2017 Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017

		30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016 (audited)
	Notes	AED	AED
ASSETS			
Property and equipment		1,581,849	1,738,307
Investment properties	4	314,485,000	322,799,000
Investments in securities:			
- Available-for-sale (AFS) investments	5	58,759,585	64,936,033
- Investments at fair value through profit or loss	5	127,028,276	168,466,719
(FVTPL)			
Statutory deposit	6	10,000,000	10,000,000
Reinsurance share of technical provisions:			
- Unearned premium reserve	7	7,842,877	19,774,489
- Claims under settlement reserve	7	67,665,227	85,443,079
- Claims incurred but not reported reserve	7	11,571,347	12,382,930
- Unexpired risk reserve	7	460,507	3,842,975
Insurance receivables	8	90,400,549	99,546,054
Other receivables and prepayments	9	13,538,284	15,691,384
Deferred acquisition costs		3,233,148	8,907,879
Term deposits	10	1,858,633	1,829,807
Cash and cash equivalents	10	11,230,676	55,649,026
Total assets		719,655,958	871,007,682
			

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (continued) as at 30 June 2017

	Notes	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	11	420,000,000	420,000,000
Share premium		1,788,422	1,788,422
Legal reserve	12	62,145,349	62,145,349
Regulatory reserve	13	-	-
Investments revaluation reserve		13,713,794	19,890,242
Revaluation reserve		11,736,841	11,736,841
Accumulated losses		(339,803,451)	(254,708,897)
Total capital and reserves		169,580,955	260,851,957
LIABILITIES			
Provision for end of service benefit		6,195,631	5,845,678
Gross technical provisions:			
- Unearned premium reserve	7	48,040,774	101,240,344
- Claims under settlement reserve	7	97,128,649	122,076,612
- Claims incurred but not reported reserve	7	33,556,433	33,664,673
 Unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve 	7	2,463,622	2,830,061
- Unexpired risk reserve	7	9,628,524	11,873,773
Insurance payables	14	117,045,960	83,812,659
Other payables	15	32,455,053	32,454,193
Reinsurance deposit retained		1,865,275	2,051,371
Unearned reinsurance commission		980,930	1,523,263
Deferred income		5,659,292	7,687,693
Bank borrowings	16	195,054,860	205,095,405
Total liabilities		550,075,003	610,155,725
Total equity and liabilities		719,655,958	871,007,682

Director

Managing Director

Herd of Finance

Condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss (unaudited) for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

		3 months ended 30 June		6 months e	nded 30 June
		2017	2016	2017	2016
	Notes	AED	AED	AED	AED
Gross premiums written		15,066,465	67,308,191	33,411,094	138,250,138
Reinsurance share of direct business premium		(2,840,099)	(5,505,141)	(8,367,031)	(11,986,681)
Net premium		12,226,366	61,803,050	25,044,063	126,263,457
Change in unearmed premium provision		16,034,648	(14,199,000)	41,267,958	(42,827,000)
Net premium earned		28,261,014	47,604,050	66,312,021	83,436,457
Commission expenses - net		(3,878,991)	(3,812,323)	(7,495,669)	(5,816,472)
Commission income		693,861	763,673	1,399,144	1,573,361
Gross underwriting income		25,075,884	44,555,400	60,215,496	79,193,346
Gross claims paid		(49,608,164)	(45,355,210)	(122,155,857)	(85,442,833)
Reinsurance share of insurance claims		7,807,422	7,201,179	30,775,345	21,907,764
Net claims paid		(41,800,742)	(38,154,031)	(91,380,512)	(63,535,069)
Change in claims under settlement reserve Change in reinsurance share for claims under		9,927,603	(8,446,000)	24,947,963	(21,986,000)
settlement reserve		(5,917,144)	1,149,000	(17,777,852)	7,330,000
Change in claims incurred but not reported reserve Change in reinsurance share for claims incurred but		(6,564,084)	(3,947,000)	108,240	(5,755,000)
not reported reserve		1,579,931	(5,646,000)	(811,583)	(1,362,000)
Change in unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve Change in unexpired risk reserve		(51,823) (184,869)	(246,000) 2,386,000	366,439 2,245,249	133,000 1,135,000
Change in reinsurance share of unexpired risk reserve		(296,070)	-	(3,382,468)	1,133,000
Net claims incurred		(43,307,198)	(52,904,031)	(85,684,524)	(84,040,069)
Operating expenses		(10,367,257)	(10,264,479)	(18,524,324)	(18,152,592)
Net underwriting loss		(28,598,571)	(18,613,110)	(43,993,352)	(22,999,315)
11ct midel willing loss		(10,576,571)	(10,015,110)	(43,773,332)	(22,757,515)
Net (loss)/income from investments	17	(38,884,851)	12,357,882	(35,445,625)	9,802,351
(Loss)/income from investment properties Operating expenses	18	(5,510,632)	(1,847,048) (1,180,052)	(3,193,769)	765,986 (2,360,265)
Finance costs		(2,484,043)	(6,507,881)	(5,016,120)	(12,686,012)
Other income		1,501,025	382,942	2,554,312	1,003,977
Loss for the period attributable to equity holders	20	(73 077 073)	(15 407 267)	(QE 00A PPA)	(26 472 270)
of the Company	20	(73,977,072) ———	(15,407,267)	(85,094,554)	(26,473,278)
Basic and diluted loss per share	21	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.20)	(0.06)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of total comprehensive income (unaudited) for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

		3 months e	nded 30 June	6 months e	nded 30 June
	Note	2017 AED	2016 AED	2017 AED	2016 AED
Loss for the period		(73,977,072)	(15,407,267)	(85,094,554)	(26,473,278)
Other comprehensive loss: <u>Items that will be reclassified subsequently to</u> profit or loss					
Net fair value loss on AFS investments	5	(5,602,515)	(1,484,658)	(6,176,448)	(1,305,819)
Total comprehensive loss for the period attributable to equity holders of the parent company	le	(79,579,587)	(16,891,925)	(91,271,002)	(27,779,097)

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

	Share capital AED	Share premium AED	Legal reserve AED	Regulatory reserve AED	Investments revaluation and Revaluation reserves AED	Accumulated losses AED	Attributable to the equity holders of the Company AED
Balance at 1 January 2016 (audited)	420,000,000	1,788,422	62,145,349	60,103,225	42,494,668	(237,110,644)	349,421,020
Loss for the period Other comprehensive loss		:	:		(1,305,819)	(26,473,278)	(26,473,278) (1,305,819)
Total comprehensive loss Transfer (note – 13)		-		(60,103,225)	(1,305,819)	(26,473,278) 60,103,225	(27,779,097)
Balance at 30 June 2016 (unaudited)	420,000,000	1,788,422	62,145,349	-	41,188,849	(203,480,697)	321,641,923
Balance at 1 January 2017 (audited)	420,000,000	1,788,422	62,145,349		31,627,083	(254,708,897)	260,851,957
Loss for the period Other comprehensive loss		-	- -	-	(6,176,448)	(85,094,554)	(85,094,554) (6,176,448)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-		-	(6,176,448)	(85,094,554)	(91,271,002)
Balance at 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	420,000,000	1,788,422	62,145,349	-	25,450,635	(339,803,451)	169,580,955

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows (unaudited) for the six months period ended 30 June 2017

-	Notes	6 months e	nded 30 June
		2017 AED	2016 AED
Cash flows from operating activities		ALD	ALD
Loss for the period		(85,094,554)	(26,473,278)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property and equipment	20	343,001	333,120
Net fair value loss on investment properties	18	8,314,000	4,747,000
Net rental income from investment properties	18	(5,120,231)	(5,512,986)
Net fair value loss on investments at FVTPL	17	41,438,443	1,994,420
Dividends from investments in securities	17	(6,214,962)	(12,360,419)
Interest on term deposit	17	(15,559)	(15,321)
Finance costs		4,791,450	12,686,012
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(72,087)	(64,000)
Allowance for donbtful debts		149,351 530,770	1,630,329 412,309
Provision for employees' end of service benefit		530,770	412,309
Cash flow used in operating activities before movement in working			
capital		(40,950,378)	(22,622,814)
Net movement in deferred acquisition costs		5,674,731	(2,136,027)
Net movement in reinsurance share of technical provisions		33,903,515	7,517,000
Net movement in gross technical provisions		(80,867,461)	55,815,000
Net movement in unearned reinsurance commissions		(542,333)	(644,378)
Decrease in insurance and other receivables		11,149,254	6,830,365
Increase/(decrease) in insurance and other payables		33,234,161	(6,149,415) (638,031)
Increase in reinsurance deposits retained (Decrease)/Increase in deferred income		(186,096) (2,028,401)	454,688
(Decrease)/increase in deferred modifie		(2,020,401)	——————
Cash flows (used in)/generated from operating activities		(40,613,008)	38,426,388
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(180,817)	(87,719)
Finance cost paid		(4,791,450)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(45,585,275)	38,338,669
Cash flows from investing activities			
Movement in term deposits with original maturity of greater than		(50.054)	(80.000)
three months		(28,826)	(28,880)
Payments to acquire property and equipment		(186,977)	(488,897)
Divideuds received		6,214,962	12,360,419 5,326,105
Net rental income received from investment properties Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		5,120,231 72,521	106,024
Interest income received		15,559	29,768
Not such assumed for a forestive activities		11 207 470	17 204 520
Net cash generated from investing activities		11,207,470	17,304,539
Cash flows from financing activities		(10040 = 45)	/40 #45
Repayment of bank borrowing		(10,040,545)	(40,542)
Dividends paid			(988)
Net cash used in financing activities		(10,040,545)	(41,530)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(44,418,350)	55,601,678
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		55,649,026	46,322,500
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	10	11,230,676	101,924,178
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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

1 General information

Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. ("the Company") is a public shareholding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are incorporated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi by virtue of the Emiri Decree No. (4) dated 11 September 1996.

The Company's principal activity is the writing of general insurance and re-insurance business of all classes.

The Company operates through its head office in Abu Dhabi and branch offices in Dubai and Al Ain. The Company is domiciled in the United Arab Emirates and its registered office address is P.O. Box 73343, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates.

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange.

2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)

2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

The following new and revised IFRSs, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, have been adopted in these condensed consolidated financial statements. The application of these revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses
- Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle Amendments to IFRS 12

2.2 Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not yet applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

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New and revised IFRSs	annual periods beginning on or after
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards $2014-2016$ Cycle amending IFRS 1 and IAS 28	1 January 2018
Amendments to IFRS 2 Share Based Payment regarding classification and measurement of share based payment transactions	1 January 2018

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods New and revised IFRSs beginning on or after IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration 1 January 2018 The interpretation addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where: there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign the entity recognises a prepayment asset or a deferred income liability in respect of that consideration, in advance of the recognition of the related asset, expense or income; and the prepayment asset or deferred income liability is non-monetary. Amendments to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts: Relating to the different 1 January 2018 effective dates of IFRS 9 and the forthcoming new insurance contracts standard. Amendments to IAS 40 Investment Property: Amends paragraph 57 to state 1 January 2018 that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is evidence of a change in use. A change of use occurs if property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property. A change in management's intentions for the use of a property by itself does not constitute evidence of a change in use. The paragraph has been amended to state that the list of examples therein is non-exhaustive. Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures relating to When IFRS 9 is first disclosures about the initial application of IFRS 9 applied IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures relating to the additional hedge When IFRS 9 is first accounting disclosures (and consequential amendments) resulting from the applied introduction of the hedge accounting chapter in IFRS 9

Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) relating to the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from and investor to its associate or joint venture.

Effective date deferred indefinitely

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

New and revised IFRSs

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (revised versions in 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2014)

IFRS 9 issued in November 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. IFRS 9 was subsequently amended in October 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and in November 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of IFRS 9 was issued in July 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' (FVTOCI) measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

A finalised version of IFRS 9 which contains accounting requirements for financial instruments, replacing IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- Classification and measurement: Financial assets are classified by reference to the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to the measurement of an entity's own credit risk.
- Impairment: The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before a credit loss is recognised
- Hedge accounting: Introduces a new hedge accounting model that is
 designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake risk
 management activities when hedging financial and non-financial risk
 exposures.
- Derecognition: The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

1 January 2018

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

1 January 2018

New and revised IFRSs

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, IFRS 15 was issued which established a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including IAS 18 *Revenue*, IAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer.
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under IFRS 15, an entity recognises when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in IFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by IFRS 15.

Amendments to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to clarify three aspects of the standard (identifying performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, and licensing) and to provide some transition relief for modified contracts and completed contracts.

1 January 2018

IFRS 16 Leases 1 January 2019

IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17.

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- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

New and revised IFRSs

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

IFRS 17 requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts. IFRS 17 supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts as of 1 January 2021.

1 January 2021

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments, except for IFRS 9 (2014), IFRS 15, IFRS 16 and IFRS 17, may have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

Management anticipates that IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 (2014) will be adopted in the consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2018, IFRS 16 will be adopted in the consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2019 and that IFRS 17 will be adopted in the consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2021. The application of IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 (2014) may have significant impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of revenue from contracts with customers and the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities and the application of IFRS 16 may have significant impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of its leases. The application of IFRS 17 may have significant impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in respect of insurance contracts. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of effects of the application of these standards until the Group performs a detailed review.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

3.2 Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in UAE Dirhams (AED) which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement at fair value of investment properties and certain financial instruments.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

As required by the Securities and Commodities Authority ("SCA") notification dated 12 October 2008, accounting policies relating to investment securities and investment properties have been disclosed in Notes 3.6 to 3.7 below.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective 1 January 2017.

These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016. In addition, results for the six months ended 30 June 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2017.

3.3 Going concern

- a) During the reporting period, the Group's Registration Certificates with Insurance Authority (IA) expired. In the previous quarter, the IA informed the Group that the renewal of the Registration Certificates is subject to the Group providing the IA with an appropriate Corrective Plan addressing the Group's various financial, technical and investment related challenges. At the date of issuance of these financial statements, based on communication with the IA, the renewal of the Registration Certificates is under process pending some administrative formalities.
- b) During the reporting period, the Group reduced its underwriting activities in different lines of business until it concludes on corrective measures which will be based on technical recommendations suggested by an external consultant. This has resulted in a reduction in cash inflows from the underwriting business and consequently a reduction in available cash as at the end of the reporting period.
 - The Group might not be able to meet its financial obligations for the coming 12 months if it does not generate sufficient cash flows through the disposal of assets amounting to AED 25 million by the end of August 2017 and other assets amounting to AED 20 million by the end of September 2017.
- c) The Financial Regulations for Insurance Companies (the "Regulations") issued by the IA sets specified limits for assets distribution and allocation. Holding inadmissible investments or non-compliance with the set limits affects the Group's ability to meet the Regulations' solvency requirements. The deadlines for compliance with the Regulations requirements vary between end of January 2017 and end of January 2018. Compliance with these requirements requires significant restructuring of the Group's investments portfolio based on different milestones within the current year, with full implementation not later than end of January 2018.

The Group will be in non-compliance with the Regulations requirements if it does not prepare and execute a Corrective Plan in respect of restructuring its investments portfolio on a timely manner which might result in further actions taken by the IA that might affect the Group operations.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.3 Going concern (continued)

d) In addition, the Group incurred a loss of AED 85.1 million, its cash flows used in operating activities amounted to AED 45.6 million for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 and its accumulated losses exceeded 50% of its share capital as of 30 June 2017.

Management considers that the above factors present significant challenges to the Group in terms of meeting its operating and financing cash flow requirements in the foreseeable future. Whilst management has planned the below measures to overcome those circumstances, there are material uncertainties over future results and cash flows.

- The Group appointed a Consultant to conduct a full business review covering underwriting, claims, reinsurance, investments, IT reporting, internal audit and risk management, finance and corporate governance areas and to provide a report on the summary of key areas of concern and corrective action to support the Group's preparation of its Corrective Plan. In its previous assessment of going concern, Management was expecting to submit the detailed Corrective Plan to the Insurance Authority by the end of June 2017. However, this has not been completed till the date of issuance of these financial statements. At the end of the current reporting period, the Consultant has submitted the draft business plan and this is currently under Board discussion and approval. Management obtained an extension from Insurance Authority till 9th of August for the submission of the Corrective Plan; however, the extended period lapsed without the submission of the plan by the Group. The Group will be submitting the plan to Insurance Authority following the Board Approval.
- Management will reassess, based on the finalised Consultant report, its pricing and reinsurance strategy
 to improve the performance of the medical line of business and its pricing and expense loadings of the
 motor and other lines of business. The management is also developing and implementing a plan to
 review the overall expenses across all lines of business. Management has a reasonable expectation that
 this Corrective Plan will enable the Group to generate profits or to at least reduce its losses from
 operating activities significantly.
- The Board has set an investment action plan for restructuring the Group's investments portfolio and for full or partial disposal of certain investments including plots of land, and/or other quoted and non-quoted investments to generate cash flows to support the operating and financing cash flow requirements in the short and medium term as well as to comply with Insurance Authority regulations requirements related to concentration and asset allocation limits. In its initial assessment, Management was expecting to dispose investment assets amounting to AED 25 million by the end of June 2017; however, this has not been completed till the date of issuance of these financial statements. Based on management's revised assessment, the Board is confident to dispose assets amounting to AED 25 million by the end of August 2017 and other assets amounting to AED 20 million by the end of September 2017, in order to meet the Group short term financial obligations including loan repayments due in October 2017 and April 2018.
- The AGM in its meeting held on 30 April 2017 passed a resolution to continue in the activity of the Company and authorized the Board to sell investment assets, if needed, to settle the bank loan and generate liquidity.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.3 Going concern (continued)

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As a result of the mitigating measures described above, management has a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate plan and resources to overcome these challenges and continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

This conclusion relies particularly on the Group being able to successfully implement its Corrective Plan for the insurance business as well as for full or partial disposal of certain assets, so the Group can contain its losses, and generate positive cash flows from operating and investing activities.

For these reasons, management continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the absence of the Group's ability to achieve management's planned measures, the going concern basis would be invalid and adjustments would have to be made to reduce the values of the assets as presented in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

3.4 Estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies, and the key sources of estimates uncertainty were the same as those were applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.5 Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the following entities:

Name of subsidiary		rtion of ership	Country of incorporation	Principal activities
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016		
The Best Tenants LLC ***	99%	99%	UAE	To market, promote and deliver property management and advisory services.
Real Estate Academy Est. (Al Akarya Academy) **	100%	100%	UAE	To market, promote and delivery management and advisory services in respect of real estate.
Al Khazna Real Estate Est. *	100%	100%	UAE	To market, promote and deliver management and advisory services in respect of real estate.
Modem Academy Administrative Training LLC *	100%	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.
IT Academy LLC *	100%	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.
Real Estate Academy for Training LLC *	100%	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.
Academy of Tourism and Holidays LLC *	100%	100%	UAE	To provide training in the field of travel, tourism and hotel management.
First Deal Real Estate LLC ***	100%	100%	UAE	To manage investments in real estate.
Academy for Investment Est.	100%	100%	UAE	To manage investments in real estate.
Under Writing Electronics Solutions Est. *	100%	100%	UAE	Data formatting, computer system and instruments filling services.
Tadawel Electronics Solutions Est. *	100%	100%	UAE	Software consultancy, storing and retrieving data.
Tel Fast Recruitment Agencies LLC *	99%	99%	UAE	Employment services – recruitment
Tel Fast Manpower Supply LLC *	99%	99%	UAE	Labourers supply services.

^{*} These subsidiaries have not yet commenced operations and their trade licenses have expired and not been renewed.

The ownership is held by the Company and its subsidiaries.

^{**} These subsidiaries have not yet commenced operations and do not have trade licenses.

^{***}These subsidiaries have commenced operations but their trade licenses have expired and not been renewed.

- 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- 3.6 Investments in securities

3.6.1 Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial assets is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is
 managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's
 documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided
 internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are determined by reference to quoted market prices.

Dividend income on investments in equity instruments at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with IAS 18 Revenue and is included in the 'net investment income' line item in the profit and loss.

3.6.2 Available for sale (AFS) investments

Investments not classified as "FVTPL", loans and receivables, and held-to-maturity investments are classified as AFS investments and are initially measured at trade date value, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, AFS investments are remeasured at fair value, based on quoted market prices for quoted shares and third party valuations for unquoted shares at the end of reporting period.

Unrealised gains and losses on remeasurement to fair value on AFS investments are recognised directly in equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, or the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously reported in equity are included in profit or loss.

- 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- 3.6 Investments in securities (continued)

3.6.2 Available for sale (AFS) investments (continued)

The fair value of AFS monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of reporting period. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in equity.

Dividends on AFS equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

3.7 Investment properties

Investment properties comprise completed properties which are held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation and properties under development which are properties being constructed or developed for future use as an investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at cost including transaction costs and for properties under development all direct costs attributable to the design and construction including related staff costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Upon completion of construction or development, a property is transferred from properties under development to completed properties.

4 Investment properties

Investment properties represent the fair value of plots of lands with a total value of AED 154.1 million (31 December 2016: AED 154.9 million) and buildings with a value of AED 160.4 million (31 December 2016: AED 167.9 million) owned by the Group in Abu Dhabi, Al Ain and Mussaffah.

The fair value of the investment properties as of 30 June 2017 has been arrived at on the basis of independent valuations carried out by two valuers that are not related to the Group. The valuers are members of the Royal Institute of Surveyors, and have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations.

The fair values of plots of land were arrived at by reference to market comparable approach, whereas for buildings the fair value was arrived at by combination of market comparable approach and income capitalisation approach. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the property is considered as their current use. The inputs used in the valuation are not based on observable market data and thus the valuation techniques were considered to be Level 3 valuation.

4 Investment properties (continued)

A building with a carrying value of AED 141.9 million (31 December 2016: AED 148.95 million) is mortgaged in favour of First Abu Dhabi Bank against the bank loan (note 16).

Included within investment properties are two plots of land with a carrying value of AED 87.3 million (31 December 2016: AED 87.3 million) for which the titles were not transferred to the name of the Group, pending the settlement of the last installments which are linked to the completion of the development works on these plots.

Also included in the investment properties is a plot of land valued at AED 9.1 million (31 December 2016: AED 9.1 million) registered in the name of previous directors who assigned full beneficial rights of the plot to the Group.

The property rental income earned by the Group from its investment properties, part of which is leased out under operating leases and the direct operating expenses arising on the investment properties are as follows:

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months er	nded 30 June
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	AED	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{D}$	AED	AED
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Rental income	3,174,715	3,198,864	5,783,039	5,987,994
Direct operating expenses	(371,347)	(298,912)	(662,808)	(475,008)
				
Net income from investment properties	2,803,368	2,899,952	5,120,231	5,512,986
	-			

5 Investments in securities

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
AFS investments		
Quoted UAE equity securities	9,963,471	11,034,788
Unquoted UAE equity securities	48,796,114	53,901,245
	58,759,585	64,936,033

5 Investments in securities (continued)		
,	30 June	31 December
	2017	2016
	(u naudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Investments designated at FVTPL		
Quoted UAE securities	121,888,032	122,780,074
Unquoted UAE equity securities	487,500	487,500
Unquoted foreign equity securities	4,652,744	45,199,145
	127,028,276	168,466,719
The movement in the investments in securities is as follows:		
	30 June	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
AFS investments		
Fair value at 1 January	64,936,033	75,803,618
Decrease in fair value taken to other comprehensive income	(6,176,448)	(10,867,585)
Fair value at the end of the reporting period/year	58,759,585	64,936,033
Investments at FVTPL		
Fair value at 1 January	168,466,719	187,250,824
Decrease in fair value taken to profit or loss	(41,438,443)	(18,784,105)
Fair value at the end of the reporting period/year	127,028,276	168,466,719
The geographical distribution of investments is as follows:		
Within UAE	181,135,117	188,203,607
Outside UAE	4,652,744	45,199,145
	185,787,861	233,402,752

5 Investments in securities (continued)

The Group's investments include

- An investment in Sanad Cooperative Insurance Company ("Sanad"), classified as "fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL) amounting to AED 4.1 million (31 December 2016: AED 45 million). Sanad's shares have been delisted on 11 May 2017, following suspension of trading of these shares on the stock exchange since September 2014. The value recorded as of 30 June 2017 in the condensed consolidated financial statements is based on Sanad's net asset value using 31 December 2016 financial information (on which the external auditor included a disclaimer of opinion) with a 20% marketability discount applied by the external valuer.
- Investments classified as "available-for-sale" (AFS) which are measured at their fair value of AED 43.64 million, which is based on 2016 financial information as current information is absent.

6 Statutory deposit

In accordance with the requirements of UAE Federal Law No.6/2007 covering insurance companies and agencies, the Company maintains a bank deposit of AED 10,000,000 (31 December 2016: AED 10,000,000) which cannot be utilised without the consent of the UAE Insurance Authority.

7 Technical provisions

Gross technical reserves	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
	40 040 554	101 240 244
- Unearned premiums reserve	48,040,774	101,240,344
- Claims under settlement reserve	97,128,649	122,076,612
- Claims incurred but not reported reserve	33,556,433	33,664,673
 Unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve 	2,463,622	2,830,061
- Unexpired risk reserve	9,628,524	11,873,773
	190,818,002	271,685,463
Reinsurance share of technical reserves	,	
- Unearned premiums reserve	7,842,877	19,774,489
- Claims under settlement reserve	67,665,227	85,443,079
- Claims incurred but not reported reserve	11,571,347	12,382,930
- Unexpired risk reserve	460,507	3,842,975
	87,539,958	121,443,473

7 Technical provisions (continued)

	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Net technical reserves		
- Unearned premiums reserve	40,197,897	81,465,855
- Claims reported unsettled reserve	29,463,422	36,633,533
- Claims incurred but not reported reserve	21,985,086	21,281,743
- Unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve	2,463,622	2,830,061
- Unexpired risk reserve	9,168,017	8,030,798
	103,278,044	150,241,990
8 Insurance receivables	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Due from policy holders	60,425,834	61,959,772
Due from agents, brokers and intermediaries	15,978,534	35,247,662
Due from reinsurance companies	31,980,403	20,173,491
	108,384,771	117,380,925
Less: provision for impairment of receivables	(17,984,222)	(17,834,871)
	90,400,549	99,546,054

Due from policy holders include an amount of AED 2.74 million (31 December 2016: AED 2.6 million) receivable from related parties (note 19).

As at 30 June 2017, insurance receivables with a carrying value of AED 17.9 million (2016: AED 17.8 million) were impaired and fully provided.

8 Insurance receivables (continued)

The movement in allowance for impairment loss in respect of receivables is as follows:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
At the beginning of the period/year Provision for the period/year Release of provision	17,834,871 596,608 (447,257)	16,576,725 1,928,056 (669,910)
At the end of the period/year	17,984,222	17,834,871
9 Other receivables and prepayments		
	30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Deposits and other receivables Less: provision for impairment of other receivables	15,367,154 (8,138,452)	15,457,295 (8,138,452)
	7,228,702	7,318,843
Rent receivables Prepayments	4,569,400 1,740,182	6,666,830 1,705,711
	13,538,284	15,691,384

Deposits and other receivables include an amount of AED 1.98 million (31 December 2016: AED 2.3 million) relating to security deposit for tender bonds.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

To Cash and cash equivalence	6 months	ended 30 June
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED
Term deposits	1,858,633	1,829,807
Cash and bank balances	11,230,676	101,924,178
Less: Term deposits with original maturity of more than three months	(1,858,633)	(1,829,807)
Cash and cash equivalents	11,230,676	101,924,178
		-
11 Share capital		
•	30 June	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Authorised:		
420,000,000 shares of AED 1 each	420,000,000	420,000,000
Allotted, issued and fully paid:		
420,000,000 shares of AED 1 each	420,000,000	420,000,000

12 Legal reserve

In accordance with the UAE Federal Law number (2) of 2015 concerning Commercial Companies and the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of profit is to be transferred to a non-distributable legal reserve until the balance of the legal reserve equals 50% of the Company's paid up share capital. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

13 Regulatory reserve

In accordance with Article 57 of the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of the Company's annual profit is transferred to the regulatory reserve. This reserve may be used for such purposes as the Directors deem fit.

During the prior year, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to transfer the regulatory reserve to reduce the accumulated losses. The Shareholders approved this transfer in their meeting held on 21 April 2016.

14 Insurance payables

Payable to policyholders Payable to insurance companies		30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED 66,423,752 21,683,755	31 December 2016 (audited) AED 36,389,075 26,387,727
Payable to brokers/agents		28,938,453 ————————————————————————————————————	21,035,857 ————————————————————————————————————
15 Other payables			_
		30 June 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Dividends payable Accruals and other payables		18,038,543 14,416,510	18,041,263 14,412,930
		32,455,053	32,454,193
16 Bank borrowings	Current AED	Non-current AED	Total AED
As at 30 June 2017 (unaudited) Term loan 1 Term loan 2	25,000,000 81,084	169,940,000 33,776	194,940,000 114,860
	25,081,084	169,973,776	195,054,860
As at 31 December 2016 (audited) Term loan 1 Term loan 2	20,000,000 81,084	184,940,000 74,321	204,940,000 155,405
	20,081,084	185,014,321	205,095,405

16 Bank borrowings (continued)

Term loan 1:

Term loan 1 from First Abu Dhabi Bank represents a restructured agreement with the Bank to restructure the Group's previous loan to a total amount of AED 227.1 million (net of a forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million, which is subject to terms and conditions) as full and final settlement of the previous loans. The terms of the new loan are as follows:

- Interest rate: 3 months EIBOR + 1.5% per annum (subject to minimum rate of 4.75% per annum);
- Down payment of AED 22.760 million;
- 1st year payment: AED 20 million (semi-annual payments of AED 10 million);
- 2nd year till 5th year; AED 120 million (semi annual payments of AED 15 million); and
- 6th year: AED 64.94 million (semi annual payments of AED 32.47 million).

The above stated forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million is subject to the compliance with the payment schedule for both the principal and interest amounts. In case of default, the forgiven amount will become immediately payable together with all the interest thereon.

The Group has provided First Abu Dhabi Bank with a primary mortgage over AKIC Tower, classified under the investment properties, fair valued at AED 141.9 million (31 December 2016; AED 149 million).

Term loan 2:

Term loan 2 is from a local bank and is repayable in monthly installments of AED 6,757 each up to November 2018. The loan carries interest at a rate of 5% per annum.

17 Net (loss)/income from investments

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months ende	d 30 June
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Net fair value (loss)/income on investments at FVTPL Dividends from investments in securities Interest on term deposits Other investment loss – net	(43,199,930)	1,741,162	(41,438,443)	(1,994,420)
	4,511,563	10,940,919	6,214,963	12,360,419
	7,881	7,725	15,559	15,321
	(204,365)	(331,924)	(237,704)	(578,969)
Net (loss)/income from investments	(38,884,851)	12,357,882	(35,445,625)	9,802,351

18 (Loss)/income from investment properties

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months ended 30 June	
	2017 2016		2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Net income from investment properties (note 4)	2,803,368	2,899,952	5,120,231	5,512,986
Net fair value loss on investment properties	(8,314,000)	(4,747,000)	(8,314,000)	(4,747,000)
				
	(5,510,632)	(1,847,048)	(3,193,769)	765,986

19 Related parties

Related parties comprise the major Shareholders, Directors and key management personnel of the Group and those entities in which they have the ability to control or exercise significant influence in financial and operation decisions.

Directors are expected to avoid any action, position or interest that conflict with an interest of the Company. Details of all transactions in which a Director and/or related parties might have actual or potential conflicts are provided to the Board of Directors for their review and approval. When a potential conflict of interest arises, Directors concerned neither participates in the discussions nor exercise any influence over other members of the Board. If a major shareholder or a Director has any conflict of interests with any matter to be considered by the Board of Director and the Board of Directors determines that such a matter is significant, the decision thereon by the Board of Directors shall be made in the presence of all Directors and in the absence of the interested Director's vote.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, being the directors, managing director and his direct reports.

The Group maintains significant balances with these related parties which arise from commercial transactions as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Due from policyholders (note 8)	2,742,102	2,567,165
Other receivables	3,359,041	3,445,941
Due to policyholders	11,808,845	8,315
	-	

19 Related parties (continued)

During the period, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months en	ded 30 June
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Net premiums written	231,162	2,839,656	379,045	6,041,039
Claims paid	4,078,913	71,712	8,845,381	142,698
			÷	
Remuneration of key management personnel	2,028,905	2,277,817	4,340,098	4,096,898

The remuneration of key management personnel is based on the remuneration agreed in their employment contract as approved by the Board of Directors.

20 Loss for the period

Loss for the period is arrived after charging the following:

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months end	ed 30 June
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Staff costs	6,229,735	6,379,258	12,625,297	11,985,426
				_
Depreciation on property and equipment	172,573	169,912	343,001	333,120
				_

21 Basic and diluted loss per share

Loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the period over the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period as follows:

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months ende	ed 30 June
	2017	2017 2016 2017		2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Loss for the period (AED)	(73,977,072)	(15,407,267)	(85,094,554)	(26,473,278)
Weighted number of ordinary shares in issue throughout the period	420,000,000	420,000,000	420,000,000	420,000,000
Basic and diluted loss per share (AED)	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.20)	(0.06)

As of 30 June 2017 and 2016, the Group has not issued any instruments that have an impact on earnings per share when exercised and accordingly diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share.

22 Seasonality of results

No income of seasonal nature was recorded in the statement of profit or loss for the six months period ended 30 June 2017 and 2016.

23 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Commitments

The Group has a commitment to pay AED 9.2 million (31 December 2016: AED 9.2 million) for a flat in a property under development in Dubai.

Contingent liabilities

At 30 June 2017, the Group had contingent liabilities in respect of outstanding letters of guarantee issued in the normal course of business, amounting to AED 1.98 million (31 December 2016; AED 2.3 million).

Other legal proceedings

The Group operates in the insurance industry and is subject to legal proceedings in the normal course of business. While it is not practicable to forecast or determine the final results of all pending or threatened legal proceedings, management does not believe that such proceedings (including litigation) will have a material effect on its results and financial position.

24 Segment information

For operating purposes, the Group is organised into two main business segments:

- Underwriting of general insurance business incorporating all classes of general insurance such as; fire, marine, motor, general accident and miscellaneous.
- Investments Incorporating investments in marketable equity securities, term deposits with banks and investment properties and other securities.

Primary segment information - business segment

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment:

6 months ended 30 June (unaudited) **Investments** Total Underwriting 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 AED **AED AED AED** AED AED 139,823,499 (38,639,394)10,568,337 (3,829,156)150,391,836 Segment revenue 34,810,238 Segment result (43,993,352)(22,999,315)(38,639,394) 8,208,072 (82,632,746) (14,791,243)Unallocated expenses (2,461,808)(11,682,035)Loss for the period (85,094,554)(26,473,278)

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segment:

	Underwriting		Invest	ments	Total	
•	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
	(unaudited) AED	(audited) AED	(unaudited) AED	(audited) AED	(unaudited) AED	(audited) AED
Segment assets	196,293,788	247,327,097	512,131,494	568,031,559	708,425,282	815,358,656
Unallocated assets					11,230,676	55,649,026
Total assets					719,655,958	871,007,682
Segment liabilities	331,322,309	379,331,363	200,714,152	212,783,098	532,036,461	592,114,461
Unallocated liabilities					18,038,542	18,041,264
Total liabilities					550,075,003	610,155,725

There were no transactions between the business segments during the period.

24 Segment information (continued)

Secondary segment information - revenue from underwriting departments

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenues (gross written premiums and commission income) classified by major underwriting departments.

	3 months ended 30 June		6 months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Motor	2,894,484	30,368,424	10,384,068	59,922,529
Engineering	671,130	711,644	1,200,225	1,562,369
Fire and General Accidents	1,890,817	1,823,673	4,940,476	6,160,471
Marine and Aviation	369,308	556,923	869,803	1,290,669
Employee Benefits, Medical and Personal				
Assurance	9,934,587	34,611,200	17,415,666	70,887,461
	15,760,326	68,071,864	34,810,238	139,823,499

25 Fair value of financial instruments

While the Group prepares its consolidated financial statements under the historical cost convention modified for measurement to fair value of investments carried at fair value and investment properties, in the opinion of management, the estimated carrying values and fair values of financial assets and liabilities, that are not carried at fair value in the consolidated financial statements are not materially different, since assets and liabilities are either short term in nature or in the case of deposits, frequently repriced.

For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

25 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

The following table shows the analysis of assets recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2017 (unaudited)	Level 1 AED	Level 2 AED	Level 3 AED	Total AED
ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE				
At fair value through profit or loss Quoted equity securities Unquoted equity securities	121,888,032	-	5,140,244	121,888,032 5,140,244
	121,888,032	-	5,140,244	127,028,276
AFS financial assets Quoted equity securities Unquoted equity securities	9,963,471	-	48,796,114	9,963,471 48,796,114
	9,963,471		48,796,114	58,759,585
31 December 2016 (audited) ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	Level 1 AED	Level 2 AED	Level 3 AED	Total AED
At fair value through profit or loss Quoted equity securities Unquoted equity securities Listed but suspended equity securities	122,780,074	-	1,134,095 44,552,550	122,780,074 1,134,095 44,552,550
	122,780,074		45,686,645	168,466,719
AFS financial assets Quoted equity securities Unquoted equity securities	11,034,788		53,901,245	11,034,788 53,901,245
	11,034,788		53,901,245	64,936,033

25 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Reconciliation of level 3 fair value measurements

Reconciliation of level 3 fair value measurements		
	30 June	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Opening balance	99,587,890	115,728,596
Transfer out of level 3	-	(5,530,980)
Decrease in fair value	(45,651,532)	(10,609,726)
Closing balance	53,936,358	99,587,890

During the period, there was no transfer from level 3 to level 1 fair value measurement (31 December 2016: one transfer). There is no transfer in level 2 fair value measurement (31 December 2016: none).

26 Approval of condensed consolidated financial statements

The condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 August 2017.